

Future-H Series Energy Storage System User Manual(For Inverter)



044.SK0013100 V1.0

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Information on this Manual

Validity

This manual is valid for the following devices:

- ▶ SIM 6000 ES Plus-H

Scope

This manual describes the assembly, installation, operation and troubleshooting of this unit. Please read this manual carefully before installations and operations.

Target Group

This document is intended for qualified persons and end users. Tasks that do not require any particular qualification can also be performed by end users. Qualified persons must have the following skills:

- ▶ Knowledge of how an inverter works and is operated
- ▶ Training in how to deal with the dangers and risks associated with installing and using electrical devices and installations
- ▶ Training in the installation and commissioning of electrical devices and installations
- ▶ Knowledge of the applicable standards and directives
- ▶ Knowledge of and compliance with this document and all safety information

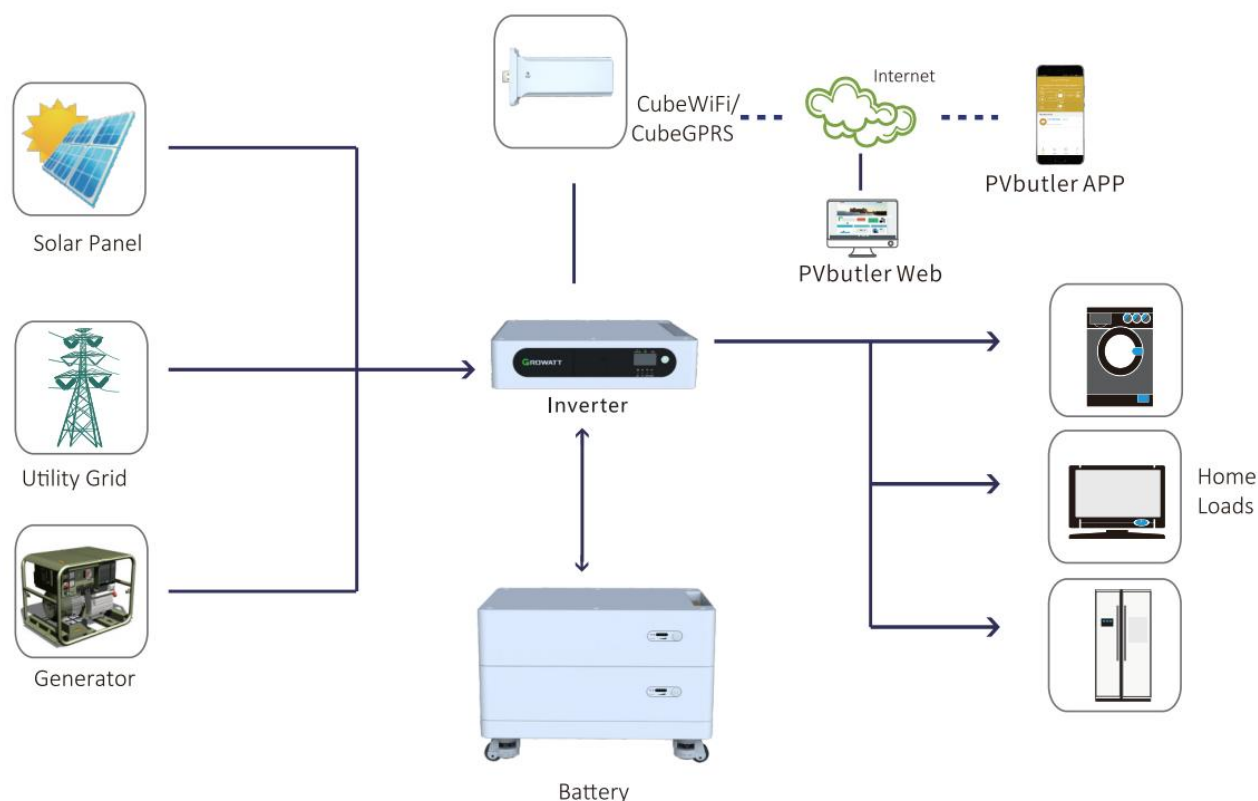
Safety Instructions



WARNING: This chapter contains important safety and operating instructions. Read and keep this manual for future reference.

1. Before using the unit, read all instructions and cautionary marking on the unit, the batteries and all appropriate sections of this manual. The company has the right not to quality assurance, if not according to the instructions of this manual for installation and cause equipment damage.
2. All the operation and connection please professional electrical or mechanical engineer.
3. All the electrical installation must comply with the local electrical safety standards.
4. When install PV modules in the daytime, installer should cover the PV modules by opaque materials, otherwise it will be dangerous as high terminal voltage of modules in the sunshine.
5. **CAUTION**-To reduce risk of injury, charge only deep-cycle lead-acid type rechargeable batteries and lithium batteries. Other types of batteries may burst, causing personal injury and damage.
6. Do not disassemble the unit. Take it to a qualified service center when service or repair is required. Incorrect re-assembly may result in a risk of electric shock or fire.
7. To reduce risk of electric shock, disconnect all wirings before attempting any maintenance or cleaning. Turning off the unit will not reduce this risk.
8. **NEVER** charge a frozen battery.
9. For optimum operation of this inverter, please follow required spec to select appropriate cable size. It's very important to correctly operate this inverter.
10. Be very cautious when working with metal tools on or around batteries. A potential risk exists to drop a tool to spark or short circuit batteries or other electrical parts and could cause an explosion.
11. Please strictly follow installation procedure when you want to disconnect AC or DC terminals. Please refer to INSTALLATION section of this manual for the details.
12. **GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS** -This inverter should be connected to a permanent grounded wiring system. Be sure to comply with local requirements and regulation to install this inverter.
13. **NEVER** cause AC output and DC input short circuited. Do NOT connect to the mains when DC input short circuits.
14. Make sure the inverter is completely assembled, before the operation.

Introduction



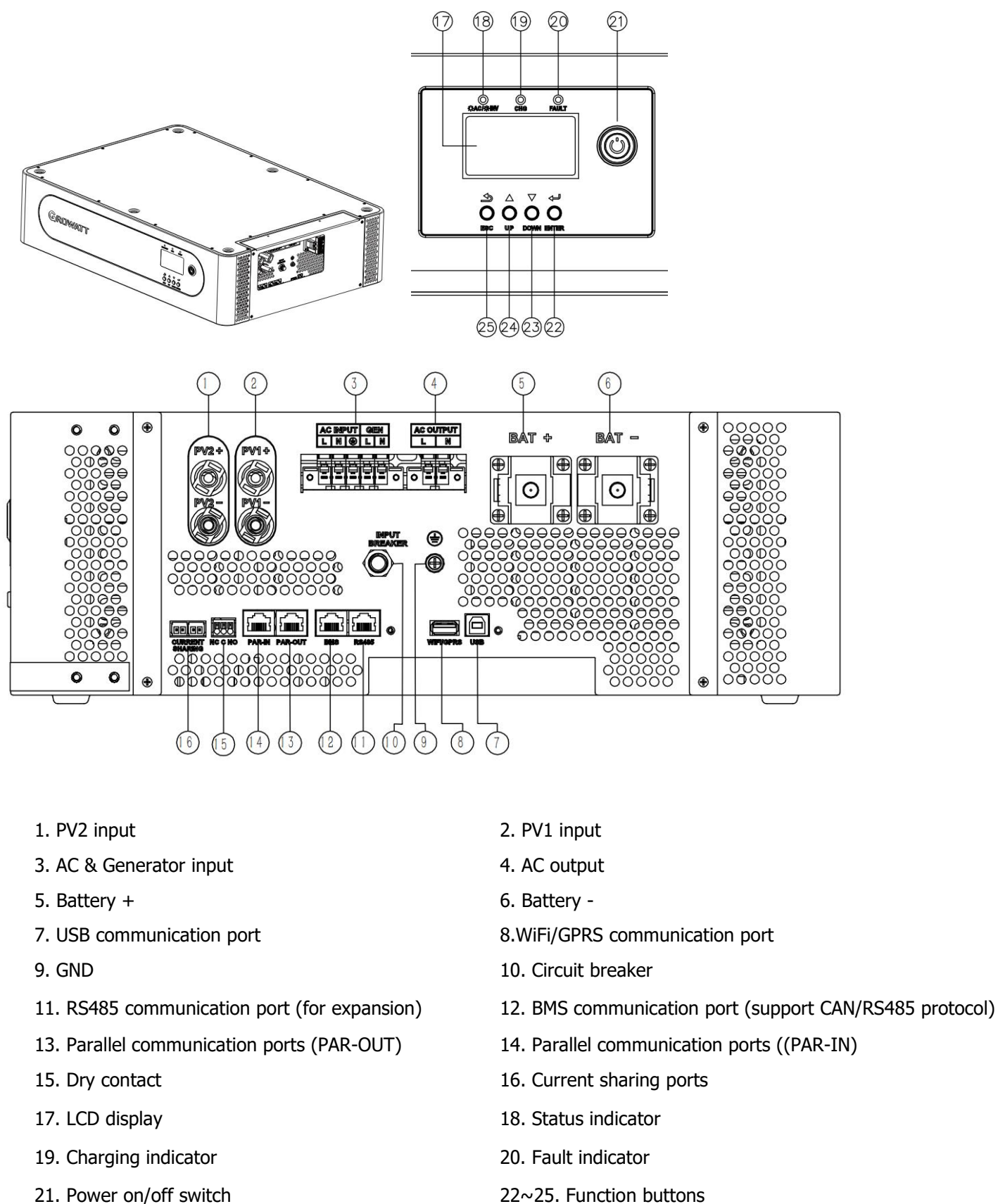
This is a multifunctional off grid solar inverter, integrated with a MPPT solar charge controller, a high frequency pure sine wave inverter and a UPS function module in one machine, which is perfect for off grid backup power and self-consumption applications. This inverter can work with or without batteries.(However, we recommend the use of ABM 5.5L-A1-H series batteries.)

The whole system also need other devices to achieve complete running such as PV modules, generator, or utility grid. Please consult with your system integrator for other possible system architectures depending on your requirements. The WiFi / GPRS module is a plug-and-play monitoring device to be installed on the inverter. With this device, users can monitor the status of the PV system from the mobile phone or from the website anytime anywhere.

Features

- ▶ Rated power 6KW, power factor 1
- ▶ MPPT ranges 120V~450V, 500Voc
- ▶ High frequency inverter with small size and light weight
- ▶ Pure sine wave AC output
- ▶ Solar and utility grid can power loads at the same time
- ▶ With CAN/RS485 for BMS communication
- ▶ With the ability to work without battery
- ▶ Parallel operation up to 3 unit (only with battery connected)
- ▶ WIFI/ GPRS remote monitoring (optional)

Product Overview

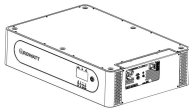
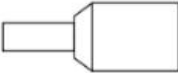
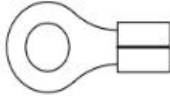
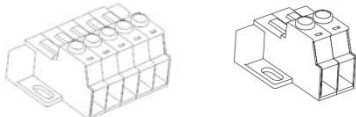


- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. PV2 input | 2. PV1 input |
| 3. AC & Generator input | 4. AC output |
| 5. Battery + | 6. Battery - |
| 7. USB communication port | 8. WiFi/GPRS communication port |
| 9. GND | 10. Circuit breaker |
| 11. RS485 communication port (for expansion) | 12. BMS communication port (support CAN/RS485 protocol) |
| 13. Parallel communication ports (PAR-OUT) | 14. Parallel communication ports ((PAR-IN) |
| 15. Dry contact | 16. Current sharing ports |
| 17. LCD display | 18. Status indicator |
| 19. Charging indicator | 20. Fault indicator |
| 21. Power on/off switch | 22~25. Function buttons |

Installation

Unpacking and Inspection

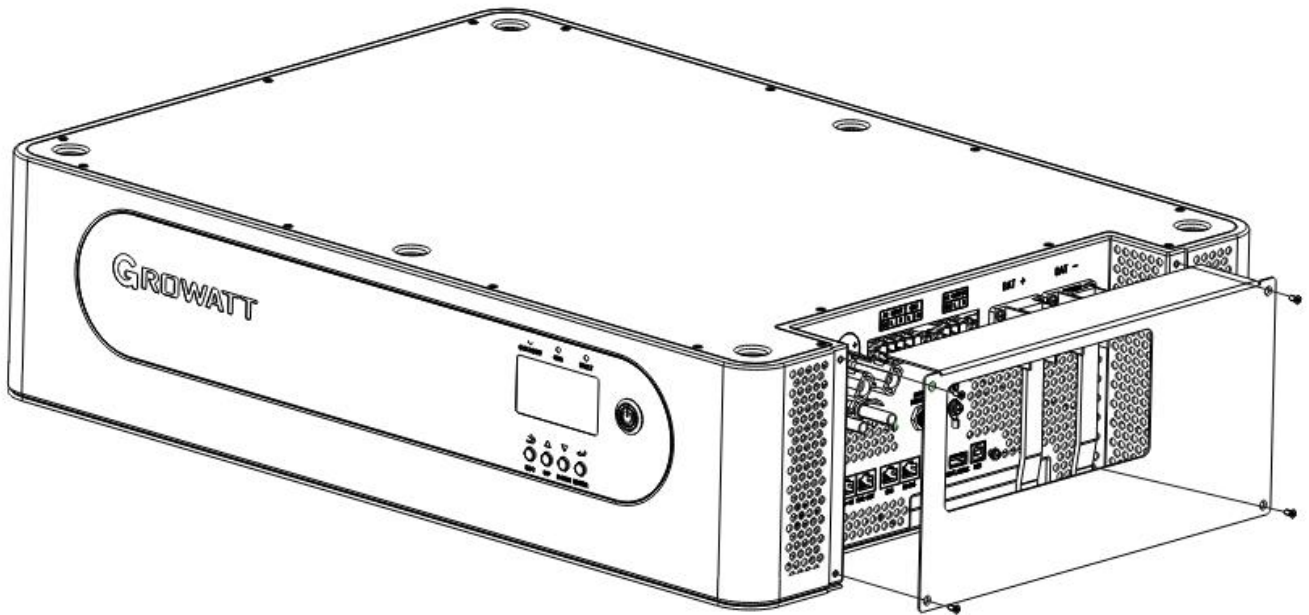
Before installation, please inspect the unit. Be sure that nothing inside the package is damaged. You should have received the following items in the package:

Part List			
Item	Item Name	Qty	schematic drawing
A	The inverter	1	
B	Communication cable	1	
C	Current sharing cable	1	
D	Parallel communication cable	1	
E	MC4 connector	4	
F	User manual	1	
G	copper connector	2	
H	Tubular terminal	8	
I	R-type terminal	1	
J	AC input/output connector	2	

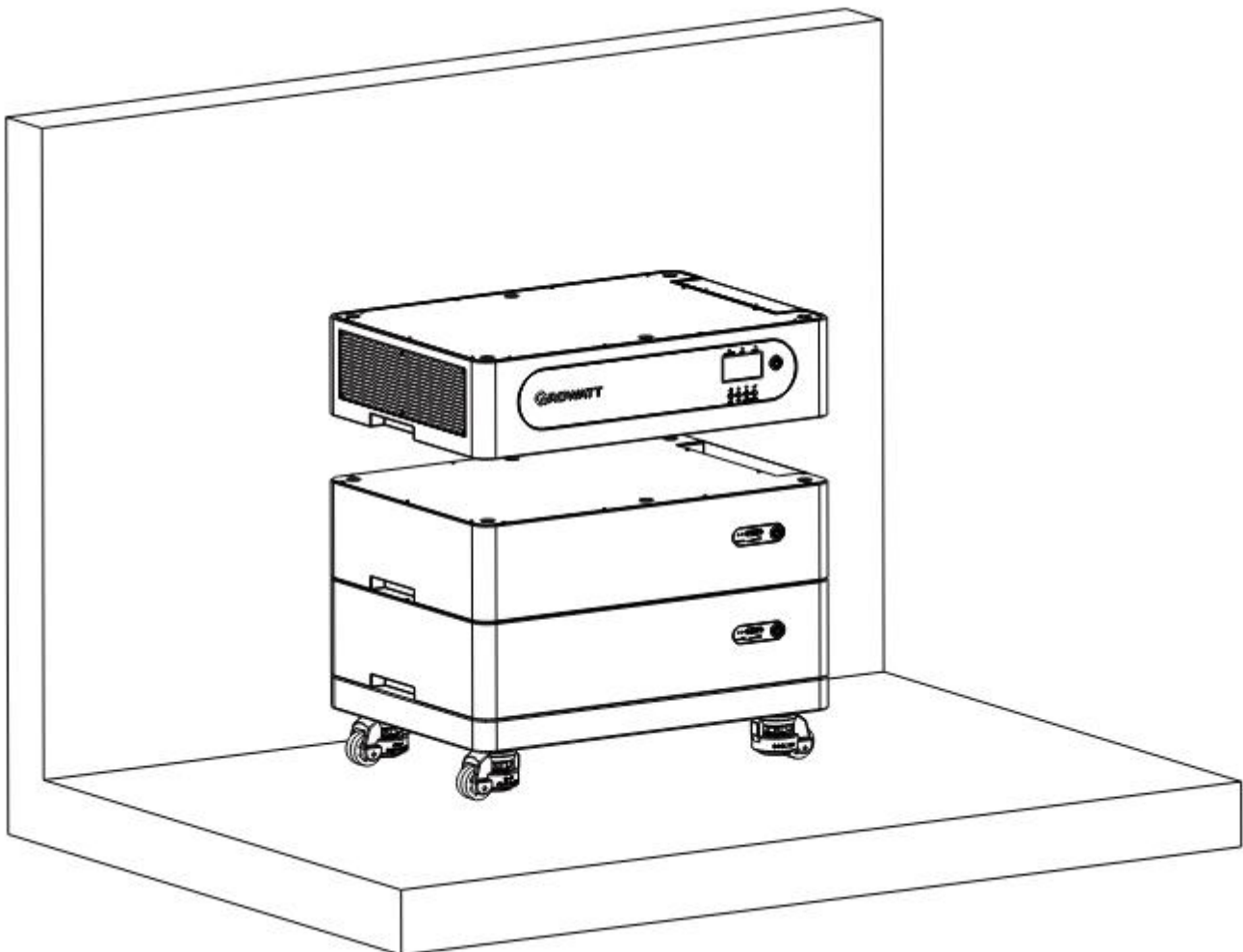
Note: The Software CD is no longer provided, if necessary, please download it from the official website

Preparation

Before connecting all wiring, please take off the cover of right side by removing four screws as shown below.



Mounting the Unit(Please refer to the Future-H Series user manual)



Battery Connection

Connection for ABM 5.5L-A1-H series Lithium Battery(Please refer to Future-H Series user manual)

Connection for other Lithium Battery:(However, we recommend the use of ABM 5.5L-A1-H series batteries)

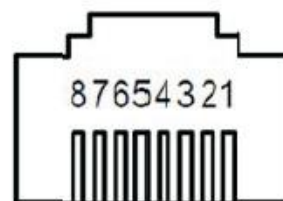
Lithium battery communication and setting

If choose other lithium battery, In order to communicate with battery BMS, you should set the battery type to "LI" in Program 5. Then the LCD will switch to Program 36, which is to set the protocol type. There are several protocols in the inverter. Please get instruction from to choose which protocol to match the BMS.

1. Connect the end of RJ45 of battery to BMS communication port of inverter

Make sure the lithium battery BMS port connects to the inverter is Pin to Pin, the inverter BMS port pin and RS485 port pin assignment shown as below:

Pin number	BMS port	RS485 port (for expansion)
1	RS485B	RS485B
2	RS485A	RS485A
3	--	--
4	CANH	--
5	CANL	--
6	--	--
7	--	--
8	--	--



LCD setting

If use Future-H Series system, it doesn't need any setting. but other lithium battery need run setting. Please check the setting method of other lithium battery as below:

To connect battery BMS, need to set the battery type as "LI" in Program 05.

After set "LI" in Program 05, it will switch to Program 36 to choose communication protocol. You can choose RS485 communication protocol which is from L01 to L50, and you can also choose CAN communication protocol which is from L51 to L99.

05	Battery type	AGM bAtt AG 005°
		Flooded bAtt FLd 005°
		Lithium (only suitable when communicated with BMS) (default) bAtt LI 005°
		User-Defined bAtt USE 005° If "User-Defined" is selected, battery charge voltage and low DC cut-off voltage can be set up in program 19, 20 and 21.
		User-Defined 2 (suitable when lithium battery without BMS communication) bAtt US2 005° If "User-Defined 2" is selected, battery charge voltage and low DC cut-off voltage can be set up in program 19, 20 and 21. It is recommended to set to the same voltage in program 19 and 20(full charging voltage point of lithium battery). The inverter will stop charging when the battery voltage reaches this setting.

36	RS485 Communication protocol	Protocol 1	PECL L01 036°
		Protocol 2	PECL L02 036°
		⋮	⋮
		Protocol 50	PECL L50 036°
	CAN Communication protocol	Protocol 51	PECL L51 036°
		Protocol 52	PECL L52 036°
		⋮	⋮
		Protocol 99	PECL L99 036°

Note: When the battery type set to Li, the setting option 12, 13, 21 will change to display percent.

Note: When the battery type set as "LI", the Maximum charge current can't be modified by the user. When the communication fail, the inverter will cut off output.

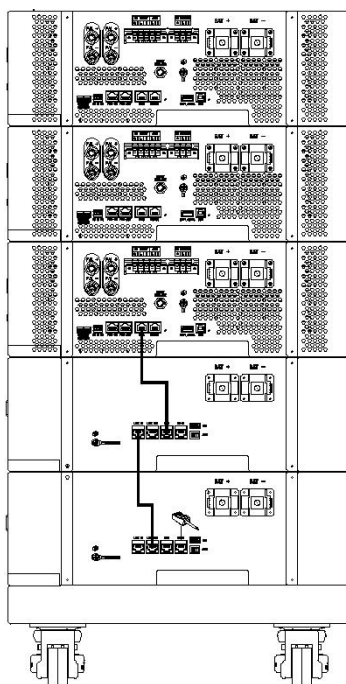
12	Setting SOC point back to utility source when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01	b2AC 50% 012° Default 50%, 6%~95% Settable
13	Setting SOC point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01	AC2b 95% 013° Default 95%, 10%~100% Settable

21	Low DC cut-off SOC If "LI" is selected in program 5, this program can be set up	CUE 20% 021° Default 20%, 5%~50% Settable
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Note: Any questions about communicating with BMS, please consult with .

Communicating with battery BMS in parallel system

If need to use communicate with BMS in a parallel system, you should make sure to connect the BMS communication cable between the battery and one inverter of the parallel system. It's recommended to connect to the master inverter of the parallel system.



AC Input/GEN/Output Connection

CAUTION!! Before connecting to AC input power source, please install a **separate** AC breaker between inverter and AC input power source. This will ensure the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from over current of AC input. The recommended spec of AC breaker is 50A for Sunforce SIM 6000 ES Plus-H .

CAUTION!! There are three terminal blocks with "AC INPUT", "GEN" and "AC OUTPUT" markings. Please do NOT mis-connect input and output connectors.

WARNING! All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

WARNING! It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for AC input connection and GEN connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

Suggested cable requirement for AC wires

Part	Wire Gauge	Terminal pulling force	Screws Torque
Tubular terminal	1 * 10 AWG	>400N	1.2-1.6 Nm

Please follow below steps to implement AC input/GEN/AC output connection:

1. Insert the AC wires into the ac connector first, and then install the AC connector to the inverter. It is strictly forbidden to change the operation steps.
2. Remove insulation sleeve 10+/-3mm for five conductors. Then insert the wire into the terminal and press tightly. (Ensure the Terminal pulling force >400N)
3. Insert AC input and GEN wires according to polarities indicated on terminal block and tighten the terminal screws. Be sure to connect PE protective conductor (⊕) first.



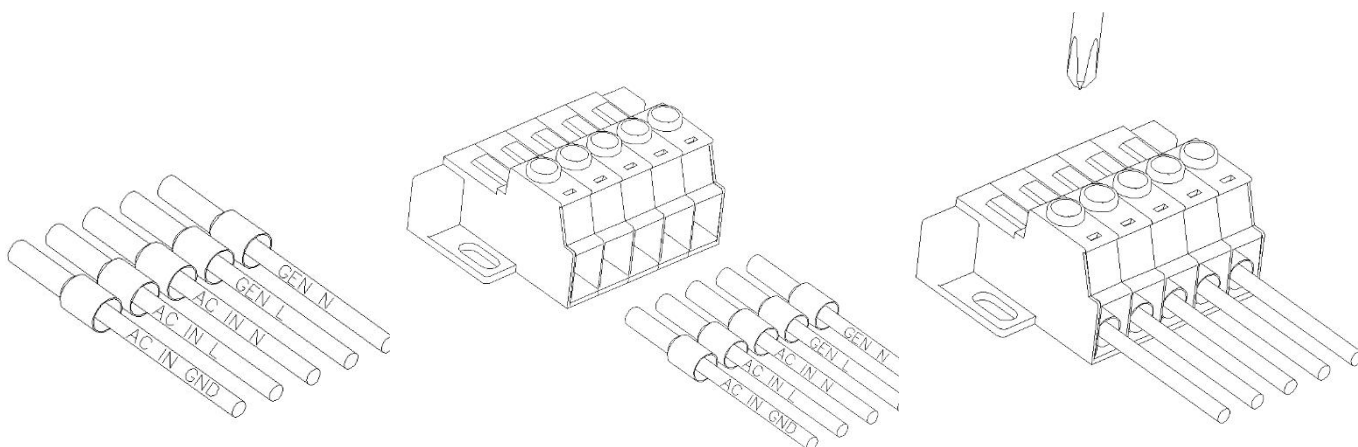
→ **Ground (yellow-green)**

AC IN L → LINE (brown or black)

AC IN N → Neutral (blue)

GEN L → LINE (brown or black)

GEN N → Neutral (blue)



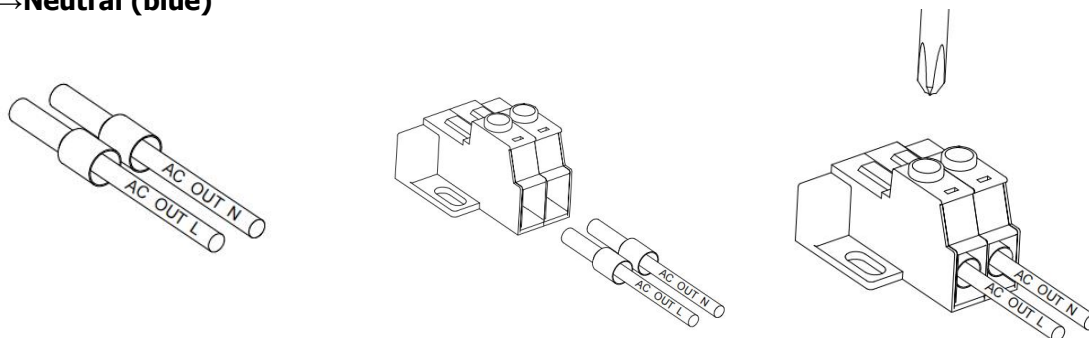
WARNING:

Be sure that AC power source is disconnected before attempting to hardwire it to the unit.

4. Then, Insert AC output wires according to polarities indicated on terminal block and tighten the terminal screws.

L→LINE (brown or black)

N→Neutral (blue)



5. Make sure the wires are securely connected.

CAUTION: Important

Be sure to connect AC wires with correct polarity. If L and N wires are connected reversely, it may cause utility short-circuited when these inverters are worked in parallel operation.

CAUTION: Appliances such as air conditioner are required at least 2~3 minutes to restart because it's required to have enough time to balance refrigerant gas inside of circuits. If a power shortage occurs and recovers in a short time, it will cause damage to your connected appliances. To prevent this kind of damage, please check with manufacturer of air conditioner that if it's equipped with time-delay function before installation. Otherwise, this off grid solar inverter will trig overload fault and cut off output to protect your appliance but sometimes it still causes internal damage to the air conditioner.

PV Connection

CAUTION: Before connecting to PV modules, please install **separately** a DC circuit breaker between inverter and PV modules.

WARNING! All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

WARNING! It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for PV module connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

Model	Wire Size	Torque value
SIM 6000 ES Plus-H	1 * 12 AWG	1.2-1.6 Nm

PV Module Selection:

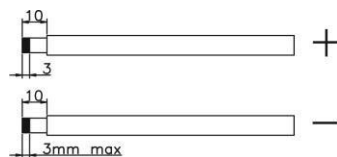
When selecting proper PV modules, please be sure to consider below parameters:

1. Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules not exceeds max. PV array open circuit voltage of inverter.
2. Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules should be higher than start-up voltage.

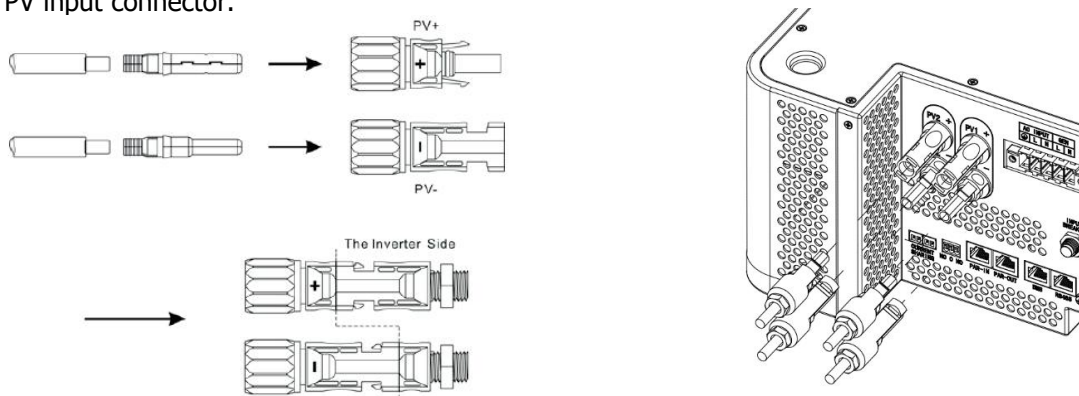
INVERTER MODEL	SIM 6000 ES Plus-H
Max. PV Array Open Circuit Voltage	500Vdc
Start-up Voltage	150Vdc
PV Array MPPT Voltage Range	120Vdc~450Vdc

Please follow below steps to implement PV module connection:

1. Remove insulation sleeve 10 mm for positive and negative conductors.



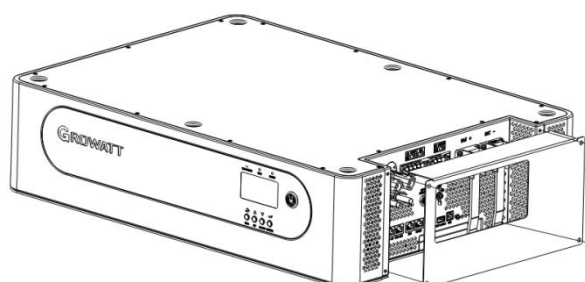
2. Insert PV panel positive and negative cables into MC4 terminal, then connect positive pole(+) of connection cable to positive pole(+) of PV input connector, connect negative pole(-) of connection cable to negative pole(-) of PV input connector.



3. Make sure the wires are securely connected.

Final Assembly

After connecting all wiring, please put bottom cover back by screwing four screws as shown below.



Communication Connection

Please use supplied communication cable to connect to inverter and PC. Follow on-screen instruction to install the monitoring software. For the detailed software operation, please check user manual of software. The monitoring software is downloadable from our website .

Dry Contact Signal

There is one dry contact(3A/250VAC) available on the rear panel. It could be used to deliver signal to external device when battery voltage reaches warning level.

Unit Status	Condition			Dry contact port:	
				 NC C NO	
				NC & C	NO & C
Power Off	Unit is off and no output is powered			Close	Open
Power On	Output is powered from Utility			Close	Open
	Output is powered from Battery or Solar	Program 01 set as Utility first	Battery voltage (SOC)< Low DC warning voltage(SOC)	Open	Close
			Battery voltage(SOC) > Setting value in Program 13 or battery charging reaches floating stage	Close	Open
		Program 01 is set as SBU or Solar first	Battery voltage (SOC)< Setting value in Program 12	Open	Close
			Battery voltage (SOC)> Setting value in Program 13 or battery charging reaches floating stage	Close	Open

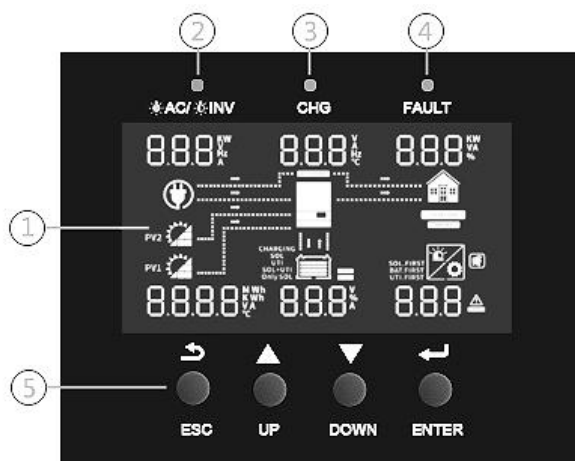
Operation

Power ON/OFF(Please refer to the Future-H Series user manual)

Operation and Display Panel

The operation and display panel, shown in below chart, is on the front panel of the inverter. It includes three indicators, four function keys and a LCD display, indicating the operating status and input/output power information.

1. LCD display
2. Status indicator
3. Charging indicator
4. Fault indicator
5. Function buttons



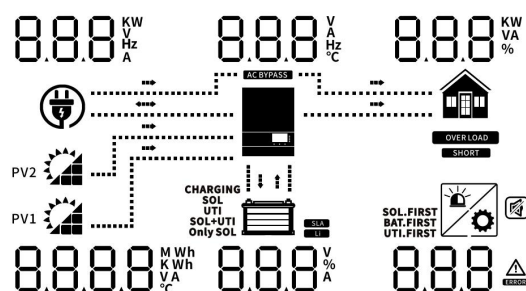
LED Indicator

LED Indicator			Messages
AC / INV	Green	Solid On	Output is powered by utility in Line mode.
		Flashing	Output is powered by battery or PV in battery mode.
CHG	Green	Solid On	Battery is fully charged.
		Flashing	Battery is charging.
FAULT	Red	Solid On	Fault occurs in the inverter.
		Flashing	Warning condition occurs in the inverter.

Function Buttons

Button	Description
ESC	To exit setting mode
UP	To go to previous selection
DOWN	To go to next selection
ENTER	To confirm the selection in setting mode or enter setting mode

LCD Display Icons



Icon	Description
AC Input Information	
	AC input icon
	Indicate AC input power, AC input voltage, AC input frequency, AC input current
	Indicate AC power loads in bypass
PV Input Information	
	Left: PV1 input icon Right: PV2 input icon
	Indicate PV power, PV voltage, PV current, etc
Output Information	
	Inverter icon
	Indicate output voltage, output current, output frequency, inverter temperature
Load Information	
	Load icon
	Indicate power of load, power percentage of load
	Indicate overload happened
	Indicate short circuit happened
Battery Information	
	Indicate battery level by 0-24%, 25-49%, 50-74% and 75-100% in battery mode and charging status in line mode.
	Indicate battery voltage, battery percentage, battery current
	Indicate SLA battery
	Indicate lithium battery
	Indicate charging source priority: solar first, solar and utility, or only solar
Other Information	
	Indicate output source priority: solar first, utility first, SBU mode or SUB mode
	Indicate warning code or fault code
	Indicate a warning or a fault is happening
	Indicate it's during setting values
	Indicate the alarm is disabled

In AC mode, battery icon will present Battery Charging Status		
Status	Battery voltage	LCD Display
Constant Current mode / Constant Voltage mode	<2V/cell	4 bars will flash in turns.
	2 ~ 2.083V/cell	Bottom bar will be on and the other three bars will flash in turns.
	2.083 ~ 2.167V/cell	Bottom two bars will be on and the other two bars will flash in turns.
	> 2.167 V/cell	Bottom three bars will be on and the top bar will flash.
Floating mode. Batteries are fully charged.		4 bars will be on.

In battery mode, battery icon will present Battery Capacity		
Load Percentage	Battery Voltage	LCD Display
Load >50%	< 1.717V/cell	
	1.717V/cell ~ 1.8V/cell	
	1.8 ~ 1.883V/cell	
	> 1.883 V/cell	
50%> Load > 20%	< 1.817V/cell	
	1.817V/cell ~ 1.9V/cell	
	1.9 ~ 1.983V/cell	
	> 1.983	
Load < 20%	< 1.867V/cell	
	1.867V/cell ~ 1.95V/cell	
	1.95 ~ 2.033V/cell	
	> 2.033	

LCD Setting

After pressing and holding ENTER button for 3 seconds, the unit will enter setting mode. Press "UP" or "DOWN" button to select setting programs. Then press "ENTER" button to confirm the selection or ESC button to exit.

Program	Description	Setting Option
01	Output source priority: To configure load power source priority	Solar first Solar energy provides power to the loads as first priority. If solar energy is not sufficient to power all connected loads, battery energy will supply power the loads at the same time. Utility provides power to the loads only when any one condition happens: - Solar energy is not available - Battery voltage drops to either low-level warning voltage or the setting point in program 12.
		Utility first (default) Utility will provide power to the loads as first priority. Solar and battery energy will provide power to the loads only when utility power is not available.
		SBU priority Solar energy provides power to the loads as first priority. If solar energy is not sufficient to power all connected loads, battery will supply power to the loads at the same time. Utility provides power to the loads only when battery voltage drops to either low-level warning voltage or the setting point in program 12.
		SUB priority Solar energy provides power to the loads as first priority. If solar energy is not sufficient to power all connected loads, solar and utility will power loads at the same time. Battery provides power to the loads only when solar energy is not sufficient and there is no utility.
02	Maximum charging current: set total charging current for solar and utility chargers. (Max. charging current = utility charging current + solar charging current)	CHG 60^A 002 Default 60A, 10A~100A Settable (If LI is selected in Program 5, this program can't be set up)
03	AC input voltage range	Appliance (default) If selected, acceptable AC input voltage range will be within 90~280VAC
		UPS If selected, acceptable AC input voltage range will be within 170~280VAC Generator(Only diesel generators allowed)
		Generator If selected, acceptable AC input voltage range will be within 90~280VAC. Note: When connecting generator, the generator should be no less than 10KVA(no less than 20KVA for three phase parallel system), and the inverters should be no more than 2 units in one phase.

04	Power saving mode enable/disable	Saving mode disable (default)  If disabled, no matter connected load is low or high, the on/off status of inverter output will not be effected.	
		Saving mode enable  If enabled, the output of inverter will be off when connected load is pretty low or not detected.	
05	Battery type	AGM 	
		Flooded 	
		Lithium (only suitable when communicated with BMS) (default) 	
		User-Defined  If "User-Defined" is selected, battery charge voltage and low DC cut-off voltage can be set up in program 19, 20 and 21.	
		User-Defined 2 (suitable when lithium battery without BMS communication)  If "User-Defined 2" is selected, battery charge voltage and low DC cut-off voltage can be set up in program 19, 20 and 21. It is recommended to set to the same voltage in program 19 and 20(full charging voltage point of lithium battery). The inverter will stop charging when the battery voltage reaches this setting.	
06	Auto restart when overload occurs	Restart disable (default) 	Restart enable 
		Restart disable (default) 	Restart enable 
08	Output voltage *This setting is only available when the inverter is in standby mode (Switch off).	230V (default) 	220V 
		240V 	208V 
09	Output frequency *This setting is only available when the inverter is in standby mode (Switch off).	50Hz (default) 	60Hz 
10	Number of series batteries connected	 (e.g. Showing batteries are connected in 4 series)	

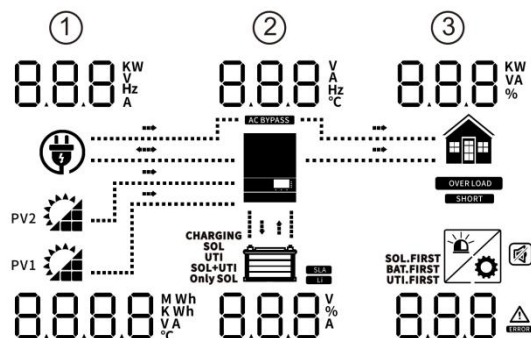
11	Maximum utility charging current	ACI 30 ^A 011 [⚙] Default 30A, 0A~80A Settable Note: If setting value in Program 02 is smaller than that in Program 11, the inverter will apply charging current from Program 02 for utility charger	
12	Setting voltage point back to utility source when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01	b2AC 46.0 ^V 012 [⚙] Default 46.0V, 44.0V~51.2V Settable	
13	Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01	AC2b 54.0 ^V 013 [⚙] Default 54.0V, 48.0V~58.0V Settable	
14	Charger source priority: To configure charger source priority	If this off grid solar inverter is working in Line, Standby or Fault mode, charger source can be programmed as below:	
		Solar first SOL CGPR CS0 014 [⚙]	Solar energy will charge battery as first priority. Utility will charge battery only when solar energy is not available.
		Solar and Utility SOL + UTI CGPR SNU 014 [⚙]	Solar energy and utility will both charge battery.
		Only Solar Only SOL CGPR OS0 014 [⚙]	Solar energy will be the only charger source no matter utility is available or not.
		If this off grid solar inverter is working in Battery mode or Power saving mode, only solar energy can charge battery. Solar energy will charge battery if it's available and sufficient.	
15	Alarm control	Alarm on (default) bUZZ ON 015 [⚙]	Alarm off bUZZ OFF 015 [⚙]
16	Backlight control	Backlight on (default) LCdb ON 016 [⚙]	Backlight off LEdb OFF 016 [⚙]
17	Beeps while primary source is interrupted	Alarm on (default) ALAr ON 017 [⚙]	Alarm off ALAr OFF 017 [⚙]
18	Overload bypass: When enabled, the unit will transfer to line mode if overload occurs in battery mode.	Bypass disable (default) bYP dIS 018 [⚙]	Bypass enable bYP ENA 018 [⚙]
19	C.V. charging voltage. If self-defined is selected In program 5, this program can be set up	CV 56.4 ^V 019 [⚙] Default 56.4V, 48.0V~58.4V Settable	
20	Floating charging voltage. If self-defined is selected in program 5, this program can be set up	FLtV 54.0 ^V 020 [⚙] Default 54.0V, 48.0V~58.4V Settable	

21	Low DC cut-off voltage. If self-defined is selected in program 5, this program can be set up. Low DC cut-off voltage will be fixed to setting value no matter what percentage of load is connected.	CUT 42.0^v 021^o Default 42.0V, 40.0V~48.0V Settable When reach Low DC cut-off voltage: 1) If battery power is only power source available, inverter will shut down. 2) If PV energy and battery power are available, inverter will charge battery without AC output. 3) If PV energy, battery power and utility are all available, inverter will transfer to line mode and provide output power to loads, and charge the battery at the same time.	
23	AC output mode *This setting is only available when the inverter is in standby mode (Switch off). Note: Parallel operation can only work when battery connected	Single: PRLL S1C 023^o Parallel: PRLL PAL 023^o L1 Phase: PRLL 3P1 023^o L2 Phase: PRLL 3P2 023^o L3 Phase: PRLL 3P3 023^o When the units are used in parallel with single phase, please select "PAL" in program 23. It requires 3 inverters to support three-phase equipment, 1 inverter in each phase. Please select "3P1" in program 23 for the inverters connected to L1 phase, "3P2" in program 23 for the inverters connected to L2 phase and "3P3" in program 23 for the inverters connected to L3 phase. Be sure to connect share current cable to units which are on the same phase. Do NOT connect share current cable between units on different phases. Besides, power saving function will be automatically disabled.	
28	Address setting (for expansion)	Addr 1 028^o Default 1, 1~255 Settable	
37	Real time setting---Year	2018 037^o	Default 2018, range 2018~2099
38	Real time setting---Month	NOV 12 038^o	Default 01, range 01~12
39	Real time setting---Date	DAY 13 039^o	Default 01, range 01~31
40	Real time setting---Hour	HOUR 13 040^o	Default 00, range 00~23
41	Real time setting---Minute	MIN 50 041^o	Default 00, range 00~59
42	Real time setting---Second	SEC 50 042^o	Default 00, range 00~59

43	Battery equalization	Battery equalization enable EQ ENA 043 ^o	Battery equalization disable(default) EQ DIS 043 ^o
		If "Flooded" or "User-Defined" is selected in program 05, this program can be set up.	
44	Battery equalization voltage	EQV 58.4V 044 ^o Default 58.4V, 48.0V~58.4V Settable	
45	Battery equalized time	EQT 60 045 ^o	Default 60min, 5min~900min Settable
46	Battery equalized timeout	EQTO 120 046 ^o	Default 120min, 5min~900min Settable
47	Equalization interval	EQU 30 047 ^o	Default 30days, 1 days~90 days Settable
48	Equalization activated immediately	Equalization activated immediately on EQ ON 048 ^o	Equalization activated immediately off(default) EQ OFF 048 ^o
		If equalization function is enabled in program 43, this program can be setup. If "On" is selected in this program, it's to activate battery equalization immediately and LCD main page will shows "EQ". If "Off" is selected, it will cancel equalization function until next activated equalization time arrives based on program 47setting. At this time, "EQ" will not be shown in LCD main page.	
49	Utility charging time	0000(default) Allow utility to charge the battery all day run. CHG 21 049 ^o 0000	The time allows utility to charge the battery. Use 4 digits to represent the time period, the upper two digits represent the time when utility start to charge the battery, setting range from 00 to 23, and the lower two digits represent the time when utility end to charge the battery, setting range from 00 to 23. (eg: 2320 represents the time allows utility to charge the battery is from 23:00 to the next day 20:59, and the utility charging is prohibited outside of this period)
50	AC output time	0000(default) Allow inverter to power the load all day run. OUP 21 050 ^o 0000	The time allows inverter to power the load. Use 4 digits to represent the time period, the upper two digits represent the time when inverter start to power the load, setting range from 00 to 23, and the lower two digits represent the time when inverter end to power the load, setting range from 00 to 23. (eg: 2320 represents the time allows inverter to power the load is from 23:00 to the next day 20:59, and the inverter AC output power is prohibited outside of this period)

Display Information

The LCD display information will be switched in turns by pressing “UP” or “DOWN” key. The selectable information is switched as below order: voltage, frequency, current, power, firmware version.

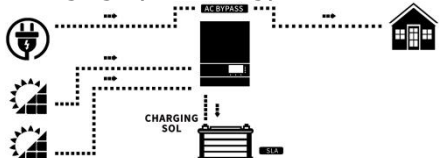
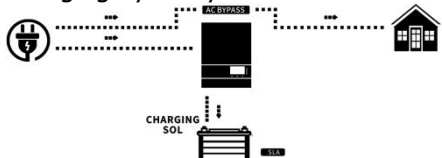
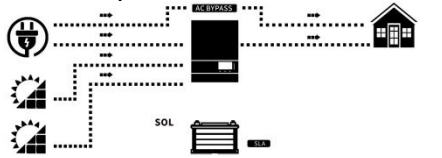
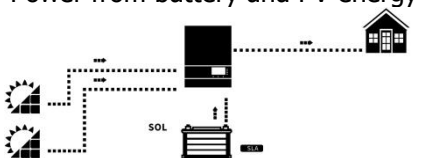
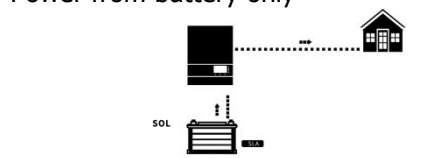


Setting Information	LCD display	
① AC Input voltage (If it flashes, it indicates that the input voltage of the generator is displayed at this time, and the current, power and frequency displayed after turning the page are also the input parameters of the generator.) ② Output voltage ③ Load percentage ④ Left: PV1 input voltage Right: PV2 input voltage ⑤ Battery voltage ⑥ Warning or Fault code (Default Display Screen)		
① AC Input frequency ② Output frequency ③ Load power in VA ④ Left: PV1 energy sum in KWH Right: PV2 energy sum in KWH ⑤ Battery percentage ⑥ Warning or Fault code		
① AC Input current ② Output current ③ Load percentage ④ Left: PV1 input current Right: PV2 input current ⑤ Battery charging current ⑥ Warning or Fault code		

① AC input power in Watts ② Inverter temperature ③ Load power in Watts ④ Left: PV1 input power in Watts Right: PV2 input power in Watts ⑤ Battery percentage ⑥ Warning or Fault code		
Firmware version (CPU1: 040-00-b21; CPU2:041-00-b21)		
Time (15:20:10, December 15, 2018)		

Operating Mode Description

Operation mode	Description	LCD display	
Standby mode / Power saving mode Note: *Standby mode: The inverter is not turned on yet but at this time, the inverter can charge battery without AC output. *Power saving mode: If enabled, the output of inverter will be off when connected load is pretty low or not detected.	No output is supplied by the unit but it still can charge batteries.	Charging by utility and PV energy. 	Charging by utility
		Charging by PV energy 	No charging
Fault mode Note: *Fault mode: Errors are caused by inside circuit error or external reasons such as over temperature, output short circuited and so on.	PV energy and utility can charge batteries.	Charging by utility and PV energy 	Charging by utility
		Charging by PV energy 	No charging

Line Mode	The unit will provide output power from the mains. It can also charge the battery at line mode.	Charging by PV energy 
		Charging by utility 
		No battery connected 
Battery Mode	The unit will provide output power from battery and PV power.	Power from battery and PV energy 
		Power from battery only 

Parallel Installation Guide

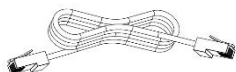
Introduction

This inverter can be used in parallel with two different operation modes.

1. Parallel operation in single phase with up to 6 units.
2. Maximum 6 units work together to support 3-phase equipment. Four units support one phase maximum.

Package Contents

In parallel kit, you will find the following items in the package:



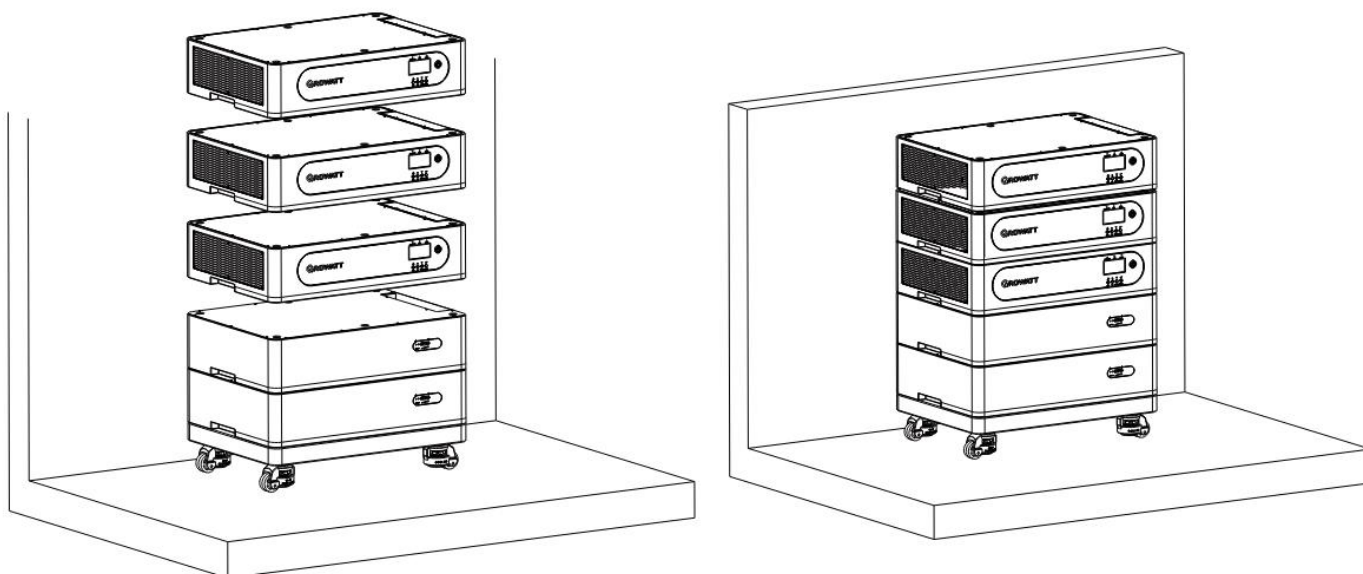
Parallel communication cable



Current sharing cable

Mounting the Unit

When installing multiple units, please follow below chart. The inverter module should be installed at the top, not in other positions.



CAUTION!! Please install the breaker at the AC input side. This will ensure the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from over current of AC input.

Recommended breaker specification of AC input with single phase:

Model	2 units	3 units
SIM 6000 ES Plus-H	100A/230VAC	150A/230VAC

Note1: You can use 50A breaker for SIM 6000 ES Plus-H for only 1 unit, and each inverter has a breaker at its AC input.

Note2: Regarding three phase system, you can use 4 poles breaker, the rating is up to the current of the phase which has the maximum units. Or you can follow the suggestion of note 1.

Recommended battery capacity

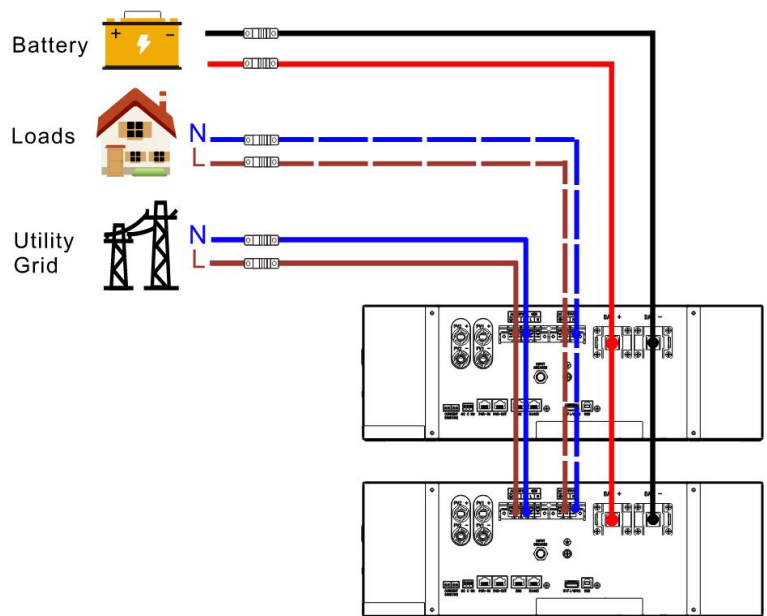
Inverter parallel numbers	2	3
Battery Capacity	>400AH	>600AH

WARNING! Be sure that all inverters will share the same battery bank. Otherwise, the inverters will transfer to fault mode.

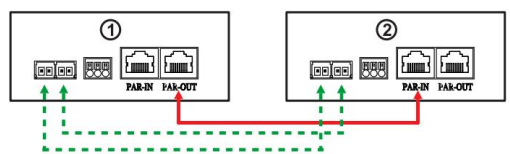
Parallel Operation in Single Phase

WARNING! All inverters must be connected to the same batteries and ensure each group of cables from the inverters to the batteries in the same length.

Two inverters in parallel:
Power Connection

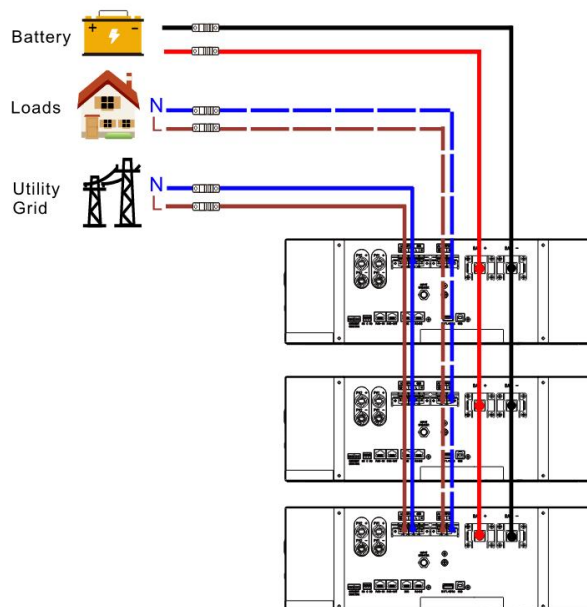


Communication Connection

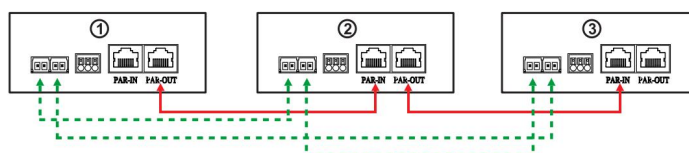


WARNING! Make sure that PAR-OUT of one inverter is connected to the PAR-IN of another inverter. No matter single or three-phase parallel, it is not allowed to connect the PAR-OUT of one inverter with the PAR-OUT of another inverter, or it is not allowed to connect the PAR-IN of one inverter with the PAR-IN of another inverter. Otherwise, the communication is abnormal. The PAR-IN of the first inverter and the PAR-OUT of the last inverter are not allowed to connect other inverters.

Three inverters in parallel: Power Connection



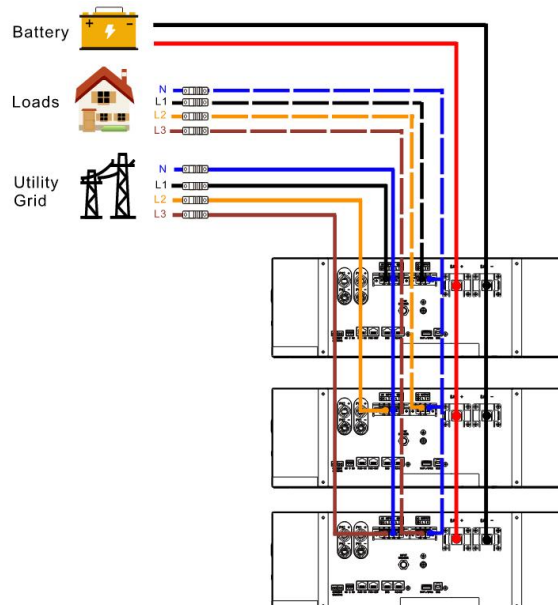
Communication Connection



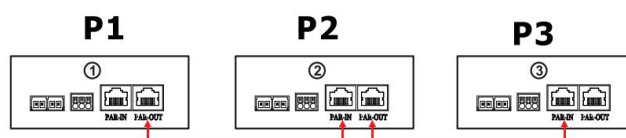
Parallel Operation in Three Phase

WARNING! All inverters must be connected to the same batteries.

Power Connection



Communication Connection



PV Connection

Please refer to user manual of single unit for PV Connection on Page 12.

CAUTION: Each inverter should connect to PV modules separate.

LCD Setting and Display

Refer to Program 23 on Page 20

Parallel in Single Phase

Step 1: Check the following requirements before commissioning:

- Correct wire connection
- Ensure all breakers in Line wires of load side are open and each Neutral wires of each unit are connected together.

Step 2: Turn on each unit and set "PAL" in LCD setting program 23 of each unit. And then shut down all units.

Note: It's necessary to turn off switch when setting LCD program. Otherwise, the setting can not be programmed.

Step 3: Turn on each unit.

LCD display in Master unit	LCD display in Slave unit
The LCD display in the Master unit shows a top row with '0', '230^v', and '0.1%'. Below this is a diagram of a solar panel connected to an inverter, which is connected to a house icon. The bottom row shows '00', '56.4^v', and 'HSE'.	The LCD display in the Slave unit shows a top row with '0', '230^v', and '0.1%'. Below this is a diagram of a solar panel connected to an inverter, which is connected to a house icon. The bottom row shows '00', '56.4^v', and 'SLI'.

Note: Master and slave units are randomly defined.

Step 4: Switch on all AC breakers of Line wires in AC input. It's better to have all inverters connect to utility at the same time. If not, it will display warning 15.

LCD display in Master unit	LCD display in Slave unit
The LCD display in the Master unit shows a top row with '230^v', '230^v', and '0.1%'. Below this is a diagram of a solar panel connected to an inverter, which is connected to a house icon. The bottom row shows '00', '56.4^v', and 'HSE'.	The LCD display in the Slave unit shows a top row with '230^v', '230^v', and '0.1%'. Below this is a diagram of a solar panel connected to an inverter, which is connected to a house icon. The bottom row shows '00', '56.4^v', and 'SLI'.

Step 5: If there is no more fault alarm, the parallel system is completely installed.

Step 6: Please switch on all breakers of Line wires in load side. This system will start to provide power to the load.

Parallel in Three Phase

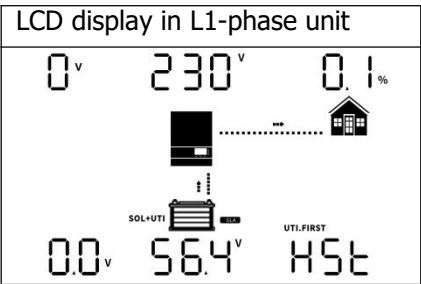
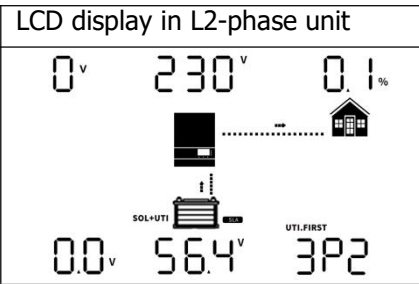
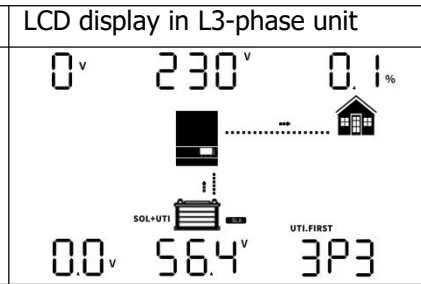
Step 1: Check the following requirements before commissioning:

- Correct wire connection
- Ensure all breakers in Line wires of load side are open and each Neutral wires of each unit are connected together.

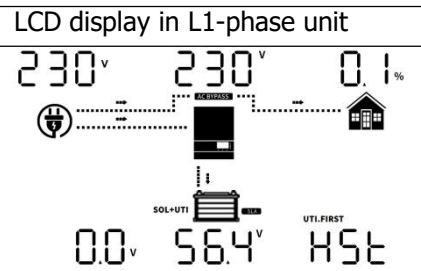
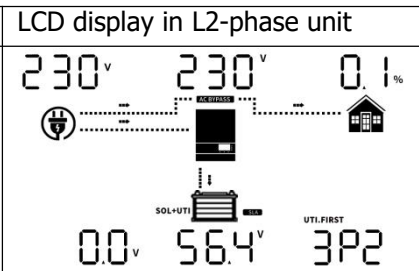
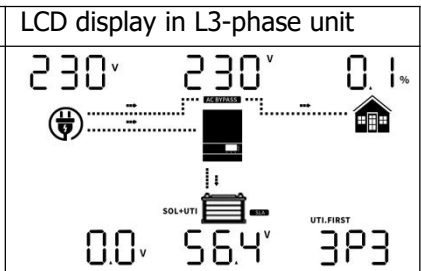
Step 2: Turn on all units and configure LCD program 23 as P1, P2 and P3 sequentially. Then shut down all units.

Note: It's necessary to turn off switch when setting LCD program. Otherwise, the setting can not be programmed.

Step 3: Turn on all units sequentially. Please turn on HOST inverter first, then turn on the rest one by one.

LCD display in L1-phase unit	LCD display in L2-phase unit	LCD display in L3-phase unit
		

Step 4: Switch on all AC breakers of Line wires in AC input. If AC connection is detected and three phases are matched with unit setting, they will work normally. Otherwise, they will display warning 15/16 and will not work in the line mode.

LCD display in L1-phase unit	LCD display in L2-phase unit	LCD display in L3-phase unit
		

Step 5: If there is no more fault alarm, the system to support 3-phase equipment is completely installed.

Step 6: Please switch on all breakers of Line wires in load side. This system will start to provide power to the load.

Note 1: To avoid overload occurring, before turning on breakers in load side, it's better to have whole system in operation first.

Note 2: Transfer time for this operation exists. Power interruption may happen to critical devices, which cannot bear transfer time.

Fault Reference Code

Fault Code	Fault Event	Icon on
01	Fan is locked	01 
02	Over temperature	02 
03	Battery voltage is too high	03 
04	Battery voltage is too low	04 
05	Output short circuited	05 
06	Output voltage is too high.	06 
07	Overload time out	07 
08	Bus voltage is too high	08 
09	Bus soft start failed	09 
51	Over current or surge	51 
52	Bus voltage is too low	52 
53	Inverter soft start failed	53 
55	Over DC voltage in AC output	55 
56	Battery connection is open	56 
57	Current sensor failed	57 
58	Output voltage is too low	58 
60	Negative power fault	60 
61	PV voltage is too high	61 
62	Internal communication error	62 
80	CAN fault	80 
81	Host loss	81 

Warning Indicator

Warning Code	Warning Event	Audible Alarm	Icon flashing
01	Fan is locked when inverter is on	Beep 3 times every second	01 [△]
02	Over temperature	Beep once every second	02 [△]
03	Battery is over-charged	Beep once every second	03 [△]
04	Low battery	Beep once every second	04 [△]
07	Overload	Beep once every 0.5 second	07 [△]
10	Output power derating	Beep twice every 3 seconds	10 [△]
12	Solar charger stops due to low battery	Beep once every second	12 [△]
13	Solar charger stops due to high PV voltage	Beep once every second	13 [△]
14	Solar charger stops due to overload	Beep once every second	14 [△]
15	Parallel input utility grid different	Beep once every second	15 [△]
16	Parallel input phase error	Beep once every second	16 [△]
17	Parallel output phase loss	Beep once every second	17 [△]
18	Buck over current	Beep once every second	18 [△]
19	Battery disconnect	No beep	19 [△]
20	BMS communication error	Beep once every second	20 [△]
21	PV power insufficient	Beep once every second	21 [△]
22	Parallel forbidden without battery	Beep once every second	22 [△]
25	Parallel inverters' capacity different	Beep once every second	25 [△]
33	BMS communication loss	Beep once every second	33 [△]
34	Cell over voltage	Beep once every second	34 [△]
35	Cell under voltage	Beep once every second	35 [△]
36	Total over voltage	Beep once every second	36 [△]
37	Total under voltage	Beep once every second	37 [△]
38	Discharge over voltage	Beep once every second	38 [△]
39	Charge over voltage	Beep once every second	39 [△]
40	Discharge over temperature	Beep once every second	40 [△]
41	Charge over temperature	Beep once every second	41 [△]
42	Mosfet over temperature	Beep once every second	42 [△]
43	Battery over temperature	Beep once every second	43 [△]
44	Battery under temperature	Beep once every second	44 [△]
45	System shut down	Beep once every second	45 [△]

Battery Equalization

Equalization function is added into charge controller. It reverses the buildup of negative chemical effects like stratification, a condition where acid concentration is greater at the bottom of the battery than at the top. Equalization also helps to remove sulfate crystals that might have built up on the plates. If left unchecked, this condition, called sulfation, will reduce the overall capacity of the battery. Therefore, it's recommended to equalize battery periodically.

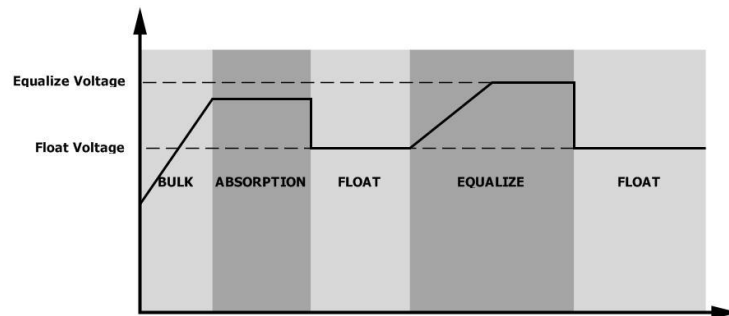
- **How to Apply Equalization Function**

You must enable battery equalization function in monitoring LCD setting program 43 first. Then, you may apply this function in device by either one of following methods:

1. Setting equalization interval in program 47.
2. Active equalization immediately in program 48.

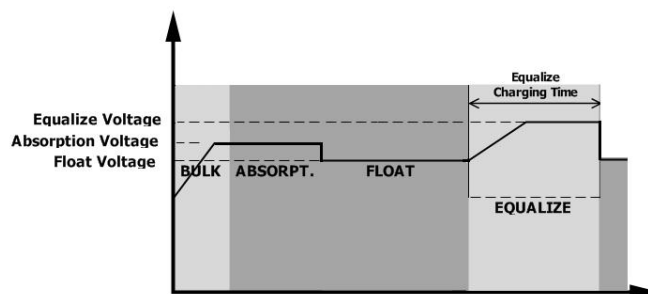
- **When to Equalize**

In float stage, when the setting equalization interval (battery equalization cycle) is arrived, or equalization is active immediately, the controller will start to enter Equalize stage.

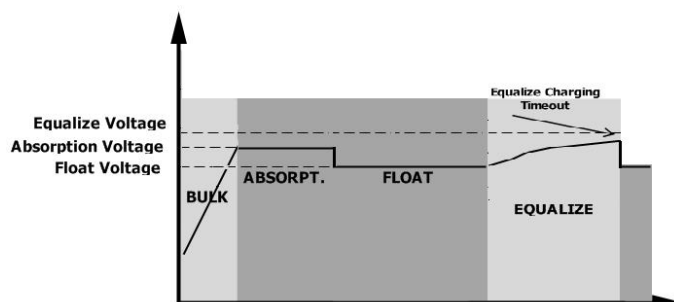


- **Equalize charging time and timeout**

In Equalize stage, the controller will supply power to charge battery as much as possible until battery voltage raises to battery equalization voltage. Then, constant-voltage regulation is applied to maintain battery voltage at the battery equalization voltage. The battery will remain in the Equalize stage until setting battery equalized time is arrived.



However, in Equalize stage, when battery equalized time is expired and battery voltage doesn't rise to battery equalization voltage point, the charge controller will extend the battery equalized time until battery voltage achieves battery equalization voltage. If battery voltage is still lower than battery equalization voltage when battery equalized timeout setting is over, the charge controller will stop equalization and return to float stage.



Specifications

Table 1 Line Mode Specifications

INVERTER MODEL	SIM 6000 ES Plus-H
Input Voltage Waveform	Sinusoidal (utility or generator)
Nominal Input Voltage	230Vac
Low Loss Voltage	170Vac $\pm$ 7V (UPS); 90Vac $\pm$ 7V (Appliances)
Low Loss Return Voltage	180Vac $\pm$ 7V (UPS); 100Vac $\pm$ 7V (Appliances)
High Loss Voltage	280Vac $\pm$ 7V
High Loss Return Voltage	270Vac $\pm$ 7V
Max AC Input Voltage	300Vac
Nominal Input Frequency	50Hz / 60Hz (Auto detection)
Low Loss Frequency	40 $\pm$ 1Hz
Low Loss Return Frequency	42 $\pm$ 1Hz
High Loss Frequency	65 $\pm$ 1Hz
High Loss Return Frequency	63 $\pm$ 1Hz
Output Short Circuit Protection	Circuit Breaker
Efficiency (Line Mode)	>95% (Rated R load, battery full charged)
Transfer Time	10ms typical, 20ms Max@ Single <30ms @ Parallel
Output power derating: When AC input voltage drops to 170V, the output power will be derated.	The graph illustrates the output power derating characteristic of the inverter. The vertical axis represents Output Power, with specific levels for Rated Power and 20% Power marked. The horizontal axis represents Input Voltage, with key points at 90V, 170V, and 280V. The power remains constant at the 20% level from 90V up to 170V. Between 170V and 280V, the output power increases linearly from 20% to the full Rated Power. Above 280V, the output power remains constant at the Rated Power level.

Table 2 Inverter Mode Specifications

INVERTER MODEL	SIM 6000 ES Plus-H
Rated Output Power	6KVA/6KW
Output Voltage Waveform	Pure Sine Wave
Output Voltage Regulation	230Vac $\pm$ 5%
Output Frequency	50Hz
Nominal Output Current	27A
Overload Protection	5s@ $\geq$ 150% load; 10s@110%~150% load
Surge Capacity	2* rated power for 5 seconds
Nominal DC Input Voltage	48Vdc
Cold Start Voltage(Lead-Acid Mode)	46.0Vdc
Cold Start SOC(Li Mode)	Default 30%, Low DC Cut-off SOC +10%
Low DC Warning Voltage (Lead-Acid Mode)	44.0Vdc @ load < 20% 42.8Vdc @ 20% $\leq$ load < 50% 40.4Vdc @ load $\geq$ 50%
Low DC Warning Return Voltage (Lead-Acid Mode)	46.0Vdc @ load < 20% 44.8Vdc @ 20% $\leq$ load < 50% 42.4Vdc @ load $\geq$ 50%
Low DC Cut-off Voltage (Lead-Acid Mode)	42.0Vdc @ load < 20% 40.8Vdc @ 20% $\leq$ load < 50% 38.4Vdc @ load $\geq$ 50%
Low DC Cut-off Voltage (Li Mode)	42.0Vdc
Low DC Warning SOC (Li Mode)	Low DC Cut-off SOC +5%
Low DC Warning Return SOC (Li Mode)	Low DC Cut-off SOC +10%
Low DC Cut-off SOC(Li Mode)	Default 20%, 5%~50% settable
High DC Recovery Voltage	56.4Vdc(C.V. charging voltage)
High DC Cut-off Voltage	60.8Vdc
No Load Power Consumption	<70W

Table 3 Charge Mode Specifications

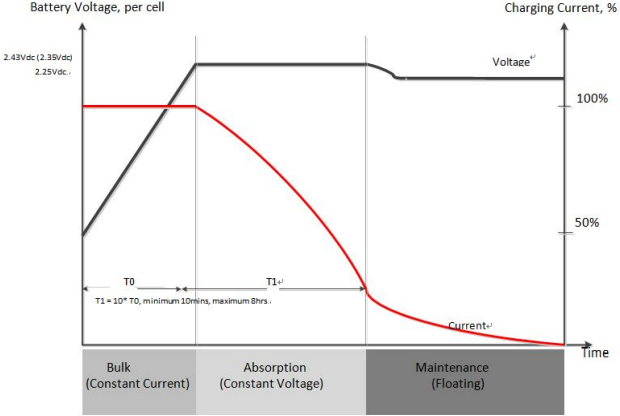
Utility Charging Mode		
INVERTER MODEL		SIM 6000 ES Plus-H
Charging Algorithm		3-Step
Max. AC Charging Current		80Amp(@V _{IP} =230Vac)
Bulk Charging Voltage	Flooded Battery	58.4Vdc
	AGM / Gel Battery	56.4Vdc
Floating Charging Voltage		54Vdc
Charging Curve		 The graph illustrates the 3-step charging process. The left y-axis represents Battery Voltage per cell, and the right y-axis represents Charging Current in percent. The x-axis represents Time. The process begins in the Bulk stage (Constant Current) where voltage rises linearly. It then enters the Absorption stage (Constant Voltage) where the voltage remains constant while the current decreases. Finally, it reaches the Maintenance stage (Floating) where both voltage and current remain constant. Key voltage levels are 2.43Vdc (range 2.35Vdc to 2.25Vdc). Time intervals T0 and T1 are defined, with T1 being 10 times T0, ranging from a minimum of 10 minutes to a maximum of 8 hours.
MPPT Solar Charging Mode		
Max. PV Array Power		4000W+4000W
Max. PV Input Current		16A+16A
Start-up Voltage		150Vdc±10Vdc
PV Array MPPT Voltage Range		120Vdc~450Vdc
Max. PV Array Open Circuit Voltage		500Vdc
Max. Inverter Back Feed Current To The Array		0A
Max. PV Charging Current		100A
Max. Charging Current (AC Charger Plus Solar Charger)		100A

Table 4 General Specifications

INVERTER MODEL	SIM 6000 ES Plus-H
Safety Certification	CE
Operating Temperature Range	0℃ to 55℃
Storage temperature	-15℃ ~ 60℃
Humidity	5% to 95% Relative Humidity (Non-condensing)
Altitude	<2000m
Dimension(D*W*H), mm	630*440*150
Net Weight, kg	18kg

Trouble Shooting

Problem	LCD/LED/Buzzer	Explanation	What to do
Unit shuts down Automatically during startup process.	LCD/LED lights and buzzer will be active for 3 seconds and then complete off.	The battery voltage is too low . (<1.91V/Cell)	1. Re-charge battery. 2. Replace battery.
No response after power on.	No indication.	1.The battery voltage is far too low. (<1.4V/Cell) 2.Battery polarity is connected reversed.	1. Check if batteries and the wiring are connected well. 2. Re-charge battery. 3. Replace battery.
Mains exist but the unit works in battery mode.	Input voltage is 0 on the LCD and green LED is flashing.	Input protector is tripped.	Check if AC breaker is tripped and AC wiring is connected well.
	Green LED is flashing.	Insufficient quality of AC power (Shore or Generator)	1.Check if AC wires are too thin and/or too long. 2.Check if generator (if applied) is working well or if input voltage range setting is correct. (UPS→Appliance)
	Green LED is flashing.	Set "Battery First" or "Solar First" as the priority of output source.	Change output source priority to Utility first.
When it's turned on, internal relay is switching on and off repeatedly.	LCD display and LED lights are flashing	Battery is disconnected.	Check if battery wires are connected well.
Buzzer beeps continuously and red LED is on. (Fault code) Buzzer beeps once every second, and red LED is flashing. (Warning code)	Fault code 01	Fan fault.	1.Check whether all fans are working properly. 2.Replace the fan.
	Fault code 02	Internal temperature of component is over 100°C.	1. Check whether the air flow of the unit is blocked or whether the ambient temperature is too high. 2. Check whether the thermistor plug is loose.
	Fault code 03	Battery is over-charged.	Restart the unit, if the error happens again, please return to repair center.
		The battery voltage is too high.	Check if spec and quantity of batteries are meet requirements.
	Warning code 04	The battery voltage/SOC is too low.	1. Measure battery voltage in DC input. 2. Check battery SOC in LCD when use Li battery 3. Recharge the battery.
	Fault code 05	Output short circuited.	Check if wiring is connected well and remove abnormal load.
	Fault code 06/58	Output abnormal (Inverter voltage is higher than 280Vac or lower than 80Vac).	1. Reduce the connected load. 2. Restart the unit, if the error happens again, please return to repair center.
	Fault code 07	The inverter is overload 110% and time is up.	Reduce the connected load by switching off some equipment.

Buzzer beeps continuously and red LED is on. (Fault code) Buzzer beeps once every second, and red LED is flashing. (Warning code)	Fault code 08	Bus voltage is too high.	1. If you connect to a lithium battery without communication, check whether the voltage points of the program 19 and 21 are too high for the lithium battery. 2. Restart the unit, if the error happens again, please return to repair center.
	Fault code 09/53/57	Internal components failed.	Restart the unit, if the error happens again, please return to repair center.
	Warning code 15	The input status is different in parallel system.	Check if AC input wires of all inverters are connected well.
	Warning code 16	Input phase is not correct.	Change the input phase S and T wiring.
	Warning code 17	The output phase not correct in parallel.	1. Make sure the parallel setting are the same system (single or parallel; 3P1, 3P2, 3P3). 2. Make sure all phases inverters are power on.
	Warning code 20	Li battery can't communicate to the inverter.	1. Check whether communication line is correct connection between inverter and battery. 2. Check whether BMS protocol type is correct setting.
	Fault code 51	Over current or surge.	Restart the unit, if the error happens again, please return to repair center.
	Fault code 52	Bus voltage is too low.	
	Fault code 55	Output voltage is unbalanced	
	Fault code 56	Battery is not connected well or fuse is burnt.	1. If you connect to a lithium battery without communication, check whether the voltage points of the program 19 and 21 are too high for the lithium battery. 2. If the battery is connected well, restart the unit. If the error happens again, please return to repair center.
	Fault code 60	Negative power fault	1. Check whether the AC output connected to the grid input. 2. Check whether Program 8 settings are the same for all parallel inverters 3. Check whether the current sharing cables are connected well in the same parallel phases. 4. Check whether all neutral wires of all parallel units are connected together. 5. If problem still exists, contact repair center.
	Fault code 80	CAN fault	1. Check whether the parallel communication cables are connected well. 2. Check whether Program 23 settings are right for the parallel system. 3. If problem still exists, contact repair center
	Fault code 81	Host loss	

Note: To restart the inverter, all power sources need to be disconnected. After the LCD screen light is off, only use the battery to boot.